ECSTASY [3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine - MDMA]

Think it through and KNOW THE FACTS so you and your friends can make INFORMED DECISIONS and STAY SAFE together.

WHAT IS ECSTASY?

Ecstasy (E, X, XTC, rolls, thizz) is an illegal synthetic amphetamine (stimulant). Ecstasy pills usually contain 80-125 mg of MDMA, but can vary widely in strength and purity (from 0-180 mg of MDMA). Since ecstasy is not regulated, and is often cut with other substances or more dangerous drugs, you can never be sure what you're really getting.

WHAT ARE THE EFFECTS?

Effects felt within 20-40 minutes, peak within 1-1 ½ hours, and subside after 3-5 hours and may include elevated mood and energy, enhanced sensations, and a sense of emotional connectedness.

Ecstasy also increases heart rate, blood pressure, body temperature, and muscle tension (like teeth grinding).

After-effects (week or longer) can include depression, anxiety, irritability, muscle fatigue, insomnia, and difficulty concentrating.

It may take your body several weeks or more to completely recuperate.

Most medical emergencies or deaths are from heart problems or complications from hyperthermia (increased body temperature) and hyponatremia (electrolyte imbalance from drinking too much water too fast].

Repeated or high-dose use (stacking) can have long-term consequences, including impaired memory, and brain or liver damage.

Escalating use to re-experience the same effect may mean you're developing tolerance or becoming addicted.

ECSTASY (3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine - MDMA)

HOW TO MINIMIZE POTENTIAL HARMS

Take frequent breaks – Let your body cool and rest.

Stay hydrated – Sip or take small gulps of water (to help cool your body) and non-caffeinated sports-drinks like Gatorade (to replenish electrolytes). Alcohol and caffeine dehydrates the body.

Don't mix – Taking ecstasy with other substances [especially alcohol or other stimulants) can increase the risks, and lead to potentially dangerous interactions.

Recognize overdoses – Signs include extreme headaches, nausea, confusion, blurred vision, inability to talk, racing heart, vomiting, fainting, muscle tremors, and convulsions. Seek medical help if you or your friends experience even just one sign.

Keep an eye on your friends – stay together.

Don't drive – Ecstasy affects physical and mental functioning (like vision, reaction time, and judgment).

Aim low (dose AND frequency) – Ecstasy risks increase with larger doses (stacking) and re-dosing when you start to come down.

Stay away – The only way to completely avoid the risks is to avoid the drug, enjoy the music and dancing instead.

Educate yourself & your friends – The best decision is a well-informed one.

